

**United States Environmental Protection Agency**  
**Region IV**  
**POLLUTION REPORT**

**Date:** Tuesday, August 21, 2012

**From:** Carter Williamson, OSC

**To:** James Webster, USEPA R4 ERRPB

**Subject:** Anniston Lead Site  
Anniston, AL  
Latitude: 39.4230000  
Longitude: -50.1753000

<b>POLREP No.:</b>	49	<b>Site #:</b>	A43T
<b>Reporting Period:</b>		<b>D.O. #:</b>	4006-F4-063
<b>Start Date:</b>	4/22/2002	<b>Response Authority:</b>	CERCLA
<b>Mob Date:</b>	4/22/2002	<b>Response Type:</b>	Time-Critical
<b>Demob Date:</b>		<b>NPL Status:</b>	Non NPL
<b>Completion Date:</b>		<b>Incident Category:</b>	Removal Action
<b>CERCLIS ID #:</b>	ALN000407242	<b>Contract #</b>	
<b>RCRIS ID #:</b>			

**Site Description**

From 1929 until 1971, Solutia, Inc. (Solutia) and its corporate predecessors owned and operated a plant that manufactured polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in Anniston, Alabama. During that time, millions of pounds of PCBs were reportedly released from the plant through the disposal of PCB liquids, sludge, and other wastes into unlined and uncapped landfills, as well as other areas outside of the plant. In addition, PCBs from the manufacturing process were released into surface soil, and particulates then migrated during rain and flood events to ditches and runoff paths that flowed into Snow Creek and downstream waterways.

The EPA entered into a Consent Decree with Solutia and Pharmacia Corporation for the Anniston PCB site, which was entered by the District Court for the Northern District of Alabama on August 4, 2003 in Civil Action Number CV-02-C-0749-E. Under the Consent Decree, Solutia conducted time critical and non-time critical removal activities at numerous properties in and around Anniston.

While investigating the Anniston PCB site in 1999 and 2000, the EPA became aware of elevated concentrations of lead that were present in soil on some residential properties. While the exact source of the lead contamination was unknown, it was suspected to have originated from several active and inactive foundries located in and around Anniston. In the past, local residents were allowed to take fill material from these foundries for use on their properties.

In 2001, the EPA initiated a time critical removal action at the Anniston Lead site to address contaminated properties using a cleanup standard of 400 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) for residential soils. From 2001 through May 2005, EPA collected soil samples from approximately 1,567 properties. Lead concentrations exceeding the cleanup standard of 400 mg/kg were identified at more than 300 properties. Removal activities were conducted at approximately 132 properties. Excavation and restoration activities were conducted by CMC, Inc., the EPA Emergency and Rapid Response Services (ERRS) contractor beginning in April 2002.

In July 2005, the EPA entered into an Administrative Agreement and Order on Consent (AOC) for Removal Action with the potentially responsible parties group for the Anniston Lead site, known as the Foothills Community Partnership (FCP), which was formed in January 2005. Removal activities performed by FCP under the AOC included collecting samples from a total of 4,562 properties. Lead concentrations exceeding the cleanup standard of 400 mg/kg were identified at approximately 796 properties. FCP conducted removal activities at a total of 597 properties.

In October 2009, the EPA initiated additional removal activities associated with contaminated properties that were located outside of zones established under the AOC. From October 2009 through March 2010, the EPA ERRS contractor, WRSCoast, completed removal and restoration activities at 15 properties.

In October 2011, FCP demobilized from the Site. In December 2011, OSC Warren Dixon retired from the Agency and oversight of this Time-Critical Removal Action was transferred to OSC Carter Williamson.

### Current Activities

In February 2012, the site files were removed from the EPA Community Outreach office in Anniston and returned to the EPA Region 4 Office for scanning and storage. In April 2012, the EPA Community Outreach Office for the lead removal actions was permanently closed.

On March 27, 2012, in a letter to the EPA Region 4 Regional Administrator, the Calhoun County Commission (responsible for the City of Anniston and City of Oxford, AL) requested that EPA conduct an environmental assessment of Right of Way (ROW) storm water drainage ditches in Zones A through D as part of the Anniston PCB and Lead Site initiative.

In July 2012, after reviewing this request, sampling locations, maps etc., EPA, with the assistance of START staff conducted surface sampling activities within the Calhoun County ROW drainage ditches adjacent to approximately 56 residential properties. These residential properties fell outside the city limits of Anniston, West Anniston, Hobson City, and Oxford. These locations were selected based on elevated concentrations of contaminants (lead and PCBs) in soil samples previously collected.

### Planned Removal Actions

EPA, with the assistance of START staff conducted surface sampling activities within the Calhoun County ROW drainage ditches adjacent to approximately 56 residential properties. These residential properties fell outside the city limits of Anniston, West Anniston, Hobson City, and Oxford. These locations were selected based on elevated concentrations of contaminants (lead and PCBs) in soil samples previously collected.

### Next Steps

Determination of results from analytical data from ROW sampling, continued assessment of 24 residential properties in Oxford, AL that have previously denied access to EPA and the acquisition of access agreements and subsequent clean-up of approximately nine residential , properties contaminated with lead in Zone D.

OSC Williamson will continue to coordinate with RPM Pam Scully and addressing residential properties for assistance as a result of past removal actions.

### Key Issues

Review analytical results from 56 ROW drainage basins to determine lead and PCB levels present.

Obtaining access agreements from nine residential properties contaminated with lead in Zone D and the eventual access to the remaining 24 properties in Oxford, Alabama that have previously denied access.

Development of Final Report

Joint effort with Remedial Program to comprehensively address the last remaining PCB and lead sites

### Estimated Costs \*

	Budgeted	Total To Date	Remaining	% Remaining
<b>Extramural Costs</b>				
ERRS - Cleanup Contractor	\$5,990,500.00	\$5,968,778.11	\$21,721.89	0.36%
START-2, Tetra Tech EM, Inc.	\$1,197,435.00	\$1,140,715.25	\$56,719.75	4.74%
START-2, Weston Solutions, Inc.	\$800,000.00	\$698,000.00	\$102,000.00	12.75%
Habitat for Humanity	\$30,000.00	\$25,812.00	\$4,188.00	13.96%
<b>Intramural Costs</b>				
USEPA - Direct (Region, HQ)	\$1,350,000.30	\$1,350,000.30	\$0.00	0.00%
USEPA - InDirect	\$6,021,728.54	\$6,021,728.54	\$0.00	0.00%
<b>Total Site Costs</b>				
	\$15,389,663.84	\$15,205,034.20	\$184,629.64	1.20%

\* The above accounting of expenditures is an estimate based on figures known to the OSC at the time this

report was written. The OSC does not necessarily receive specific figures on final payments made to any contractor(s). Other financial data which the OSC must rely upon may not be entirely up-to-date. The cost accounting provided in this report does not necessarily represent an exact monetary figure which the government may include in any claim for cost recovery.

[response.epa.gov/annistonlead](http://response.epa.gov/annistonlead)

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